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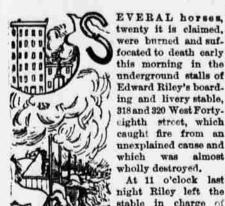
PRICE ONE CENT.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1887.

ROASTED IN THEIR STALLS.

TWENTY HORSES BURNED TO DEATH IN WEST FORTY-EIGHTH STREET.

A Stable Containing Fifty Horses Takes Fire from Spontaneous Combustion-Thirty Horses Saved and the Rest Sufficated and Burned-Forty Carriages in the Second Loft Destroyed-Panic in a Tenement.



were burned and suffocated to death early this morning in the underground stalls of Edward Riley's boarding and livery stable 318 and 320 West Forty eighth street, which caught fire from an unexplained cause and

which was almost wholly destroyed.

At 11 o'clock last night Riley left the stable in chart. stable in charge of Night-watchman Geo. Brown, and an hour later a team was driven out by one of the regular stablers. At 1.15 o'clock this morning Brown, who was cleaning harness on the first floor, was startled by a strong smell of smoke and crackling as though of burning hay and timbers. An instant later he saw flames bursting through

the bas ment windows. The fire started in the basement and had gained great headway. Without thinking of gained great headway. Without thinking of the unfortunate animals tied up in the pit, Brown rushed out into the street and sent out an alarm of fire. A tall tenement house joined the stables on the west side, and the inmates, awakened by the rattling of the fire-engines in the street, became paric-stricken and rushed wildly into the street, some of them in very scanty attire. They thought that it was the building which they lived in that was burning.

Capt. Killils and a squad of men from the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station assured them that there was no danger, and got them to return to their rooms. A strong wind was blowing from the west and this blew the flames away from the tenement, which was all that saved it from

tenement, which was all that saved it from taking fire, too.

Meantime H. C. Vooth, a saloon-keeper on

Meantime H. C. Vooth, a saloon-keeper on Eighth avenue, and George Mitchell, floorwalker in Theiss's Fourteenth street concert saloon, had entered the building with three or four other men, and before the arrival of the firemen had taken out thirty eight horses whose stalls were on the second floor. Mr. Vooth and Mitchell and the firemen when they arrived made heroic efforts to save the animals in the cellars whose shrieks animals in the cellars, whose shrieks of agony were pitiful to bear. Nothing could be done for them, lowever, as the fire had spread so rapidly that it was impossible for any one to go into

the basement.

Three fire calls were sent out in quick succession, as it was feared that the wind might carry the flames across a vacant lot and set fire to a row of valuable private houses. When all the firemen got to work it did not take long to extinguish the flames, and at 4 A. M. nothing but a mass of smouldering ruins occupied their attention.

but a mass of smolldering runs occupied their attention.

The building, which is owned by Brewster & Company, carriage manufacturers, was damaged to the extent of \$1,000. Riley estimates his loss at \$10,000, which is partly covered by insurance. He owned six of the houses that were burned. The others were owned by wrivate individuals. private individuals.

private individuals.

An unfortunate instance was that of Charles Scholer, a Sivth avenue butcher, who had three horses, valued at \$2,000 burned up, and he did not have them insured. While the fire raged he stood on the street watching it and crying. A doctor named Costey was said to have lost a brougham valued at \$1,200, but this could not be verified. The total loss is estimated as \$25,000 The cause of the fire is not known, but it is supposed to have started by spontaneous composed to have started by spontaneous com-bustion amidst a quantity of straw and refuse which littered the floor between the stalls in

which littered the floor between the stalls in the basement.

In the upper loft the fire played terrible havoe, a narrow oblong well, running the length of the elevator, carrying the flames clean to the roof. On this loft are stored some forty carriages, wagons and sleighs, besides tons and tons of baled hay, all of which were ruined if not entirely destroyed. Such was the conflagration that when the flames died out it was impossible to distinguish from the mass of embers more than a dozen of the two score of vehicles, and all morning the loft was thronged by anxious owners seeking some trace of a carriage or business wagon. On the first floor was also stored some fifty harnesses, all of which were damaged.

Also stored some lifty harnesses, all of which were damaged.

Among the heaviest losers are Miss A. Brooks, of 558 Fifth avenue, who lost a Victoria carriage, a brougham and a set of harness, all valued at \$2,100, which are partly insured. Mrs. John J. Crane, of 35 West Forty-seventh street, lost a set of carriage harness and robes, valued at \$2,000, with no insurance. Her horse was badly singed, but suffered no serious injury.

Berious injury.
Dr. S. B. Columbia, of 341 West Forty Or. S. B. Columbia, of 341 West Fortyeighth street, lost abrougham and phaeton
valued at \$1,500. Terrance Lemand, 817
Eighth avenue, lost two wagons valued at
\$400, on which there was no insurance.
Charles Patton, of Forty-eighth street and
Ninth avenue, lost two horses: Brooks Duryea, of Central Market, lost one; James
Dunn, of West Forty-seventh street, lost two
and a Mr. Shroder, of Sixth avenue, lost
three. Who the other losers are it was difficult to tell this morning.

three. Who the other losers are it was diffi-cult to tell this morning.

Proprietor Riley, who owned six of the twenty horses lost, as well as four carriages and six sleighs stored in the upper loft, saved a landau, coupe and two carriages, valued in all at \$2,500.

All the latest theatrical gossip and sporting

news in the SUNDAY WORLD-30 pages for three

Henvy Gales Reported at Sea.

All the incoming transatiantic steamers report strong gales from the west, with high head seas. The Celtic, which left Liverpool Oct. 26, and the Ohio, which sailed the previous day, have not arrived. Both were due yesterday, The steamship St. Robans, from Liverpool to-day, passed a flat-bottomed boat, also a large spar re-sembling a schooner's mainmast, and several flaterman's buoys.

Jay Gould on the Other Side.

Vernon H. Brown & Co., agents of the Cunard Line, to-day received a cablegram announcing the arrival off Fastnet at a o'clock this morning of the steamer Umbria, which has Jay Gould and party on board. All are well. The vessel made a good passage, considering the heavy weather, her time to Fastnet being 6 days 8 hours and 7 minutes. TO SAVE THE ANARCHISTS.

An Appeal Sent to the Clergymon of New He Askes the People of Virginia to Crusi York and Brooklyn. Out Mahoneism—Too Much Apathy.

New York sympathizers with the Chicago Anarchists are working hard to save them from the gallows. Col. R. S. Hinton said this morning that measures were being pushed to secure a pardon from Gov, Oglesby. The clergy had shown an interest in the matter, especially the Episcopalian body.

body.

Mr. G. Weinstein, of the Executive Committee of the defense, said that two hundred postal cards were sent to the clergy of this city and Brooklyn yesterday. The card is as follows:

Committees of the Central Labor Union and D. A. 40, K. of L.

A. 49, K. of L.

25 FRANKFORY St., Care Union Printer, 1

NEW YORK, Nov. 2, 1887.

REV, Sig: We appeal to you to deal with the case of the Chicago Anarchists from your pulpit, or by private letter to the Governor of Illinois, or to the press, or to this committee. We feel that your mission as a religious teacher, dealing daily with justice and mercy, will lead you' to take a broad and sober view of this case, and your humane plea for the oxercise of Executive clemency would have the greater weight because of your well-known interest in the stability of social and political institutions as they are established in this Republic, Yours sincerely, Isaac Wood, Chairman.

EDW. King, Secretary. ISAAC WOOD, Chairman. EDW. KING, Secretary.

P. S.—Please acknowledge receipt.

"The Defense Committee will engage only in private canvassing," said Mr. Weinstein. The prospects are bright and money is coming in liberally from all classes of citizens. Messrs. Robt. S. Ingersoll, John Swinton, Father Huntington and Prof. Adler have been appealed to as intercessors with the Governor. No answer has been received." Herr Most declined to say if he and his friends were doing anything in the matter.

Read an amateur's experience as a shop-girl in the Sunday World.

NICOLL WILL WIN.

John J. O'Brien Says He Does Not See Hov the People's Candidate Can be Beaten. John J. O'Brien, who has made a careful

survey of the political field, sava: Make no mistake about it, De Lancey Nicoll will be elected District-Attorney on Tuesday. There is an army of shouters abroad who are trying to frighten wavering-minded people, and thousands are talking for Fellows who will vote for Nicoll.

"The mysterious and always dangerous silent vote is for Nicoll and he will secure an engrous labor vote.

silent vote is for Nicoll and he will secure
an enormous labor vote.
"I don't see how he can be beaten. I am
working for him day and night and he will
get a full Republican vote."
"What do you place Nicoll's vote at?" Mr.
O'Brien was asked.
"He will receive, at the very lowest calculation, 65,000 Republican votes and 80,000
Democratic votes. The Germans, Democrats
and Republicans, are solid for Nicoll. I
honestly think that Nicoll will poll 100,000
votes.

votes.

"Last night I made the following wager at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. I bet \$20 to \$100 % ye times that Nicoll would have 20,000 more votes than Fellows. Then I wagered \$200 even up that Nicoll would be elected."

THEY MAY STRIKE AGAIN. The Printers to Discuss the Stand Taken by

The Typothetse and Typographical Union No. 6 have locked horns on the question of ' ratting " John Polhemus's office. In consequence of it none of the two hundred men who meet at Pythagoras Hall have been re-

who meet at rythagoras hair have been reemployed.

The Typothetæ having taken issue on
the question, the Union may again
order out all hands and precipitate a bigger strike than the recent
one. A meeting of "Big Six" will be held
in Clarendon Hall to-morrow afternoon,
when the matter will be discussed and some
action taken.

SCOTT TO BE PROSECUTED IF CAUGHT. Sane Enough the Day Before He Absconded

to Victimize Two Club Men-

David Scott, the absconding partner of the paper firm of Vernon Brothers, has not yet made known his whereabouts, and Mr. Thomas Vernon has decided to put the matter in the hands of the police. If he can find Scott within the limits of the United States he will prosecute him for felony in carrying off \$48.000 of the firm's money.

The theory that Scott was insane has been abandoned, it having become known that the day before he left the city Scott borrowed \$5,000 and \$3,000 respectively from two well-known club men.

Favorites at a Church Fair.

The fair of the Day Spring Church, in Yonkers, is progressing finely. The rooms are crowded every day and night. The usual financial schemes for raising money resorted to by fairs was brought into play, and every visitor was importuned by into play, and every visitor was importuned by the pretty girls to buy votes for a Bible, a paysi-cian's chair, a teacher's brass table, the minister's wife plush chair and a sliver pitcher. At the close of the fair last night the Rev. C. E. Allison had received 178 votes for the Bible, Dr. G. B. Balch 56 votes for the physician's chair, Walter Thomas 186 votes for the brass table, Mrs. H. B. Grose 51 votes for the plush chair, and the Irving Hose Company 214 votes for the sliver pitcher.

Refusing to Hear the Knights. After a meeting of the Brooklyn Liquor Dealer Association yesterday 150 customers of Leavy & Britton, the brewers who are having trouble with their employees, met to hear the story of the boycott as told by the members of the Executive Board of District Assembly 49, Knights of Labor. M. Leavy refused to make any statement while Enights were in the hall. A resolution contin-uing the boycott was passed.

"Connaught Paddy" in the Tombs Patrick Connors, otherwise "Connaught Paddy," an emigrant boarding-house runner, of 19 Pearl street, was held at the Tomba this morning on the charge of knocking James Purcell, of 101 Greenwich street, down and robbing him of \$12 siter leaving Alderman Flynn's saloon at 9 Morris street last night. Purcell also lost pawn tickets representing property worth \$27.

Died Before He Got the Beef Stew. A seventy-year-old man ordered beef stew the Boss Tweed restaurant in Park row to-day, and by the time the waiter brought it he was dead. In his pockets were a pipe, Il cents and some tobacco, but nothing to indicate his identity. It is believed that he died of

All the Book Finishers at Work. The strike of the bookbinders, finishers and forwarders has ended in a victory for the men, all hands having returned to work at an average in-crease of \$3 per week.

Henry George to the Butchers. Henry George addressed a meeting of butchers in Harlem this forenoon. He was enthusiastically received. CHAIRMAN BARBOUR'S APPEAL.

Out Mahonelam-Too Much Apathy.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.] Washington, Nov. 5.—Chairman Barbour of the Virginia Democratic State Committee, has issued a vigorous appea to the people of Virginia to crush Mahoneism. He states that

out Mahoneism. He states that the indications for the most part are favorable and adds: "The only apprehension which prevails arises from the spathy which is alleged to exist in some of the counties.

"If any dissatisfaction has been created by dissensions among ourselves, let it be subordinated to the higher and more important considerations of public weal. Mistakes of commission and omission have been made by representatives of our party, State and Federal, but these are incident to the conduct of all human affairs and do not furnish proper justification for deserting our principals and, least of all, for inducing co-operation with that most objectionable of political organizations which has its homesent in the Northern States of the Union is intensely sectional in spirit and is led and directed by the Shermans and the Forakers of the owner genus."

directed by the Sherman's and the domain of the domain of the sherman of the sher

OWEN KNOWN AS AN ANARCHIST.

He Was Employed in Chicago by Ambro F. Baird, a Boss Garpenter. [SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 5 .- Ambrose F. Baird, of 29 Buller street, a boss carpenter, knew Thomas F. Owen, who formerly worked in Chicago and was employed off and on for two years, ending about a on for two years, ending about a month before the Haymarket riot. Mr. Baird knew from Owen's utterances at different times that he (Owen) was a sympathizer with the Anarchists, as he had so expressed himself.

For months previous to the Haymarket riot Owen was not seen by Mr. Baird, and the latter knew nothing about his whereabouts or his attendance at the memorable meeting.

meeting.

Last July Mr. Baird received a letter from Last July Mr. Baird received a letter from Owen postmarked Pittsburg. The letter was mailed in June, but not having Mr. Baird's address was not delivered, the postoffice authorities not being able to locate him for some time. In this letter Owen asked if any chances existed for securing work in Chicago. It was in reply to this letter of request that Mr. Baird wrote the letter which was found in Owen's trunk. In it he simply told Owen of the situation and gave him no encouragement to return.

DETAINED AT QUARANTINE.

Charges that the Italians from the Cholera Ships Are Ill-Treated.

steamship Chateau Yquem arrived at Quarantine this morning, and in consequence of the cholera scare was ordered to remain there. The Chateau Yquem comes from Bor-

there. The Chateau Yquem comes from Bordeaux, and not from any port where cholera is prevalent. The Health Officer desires to detain her for observation.

President Bayles, of the Health Board, received the following letter from Mr. G. B. Raffo, the Italian Consul, this morning:

I have been informed by several parties that all the immigrants arrived here on the steamships Alesia and Britannia, detained in quarantine for samitary precaution, are subject to all kinds of privation, having not enough to eat, no clothing to wear and not sufficient blankets to keep warm when in bed.

As nearly all these passengers are Italian citizens, I consider it my duty to call your attention to this important matter, not doubting that if the evils complained of are found to exist you will at once so dispose that they are removed, and that all these poor human beings receive sufficient nourishment and all the other things indispensable

I would like to know also what disposition you intend to take in regard to them, namely, how long they will yet remain in Quarantine.

The matter being beyond the jurisdiction of the Board of Health, Mr. Bayles referred the letter to Health Officer Smith, and so advised Consul Raffo.

CORRIGAN WAS TOO HASTY.

Young Moshler Begins a Suit for \$25,000 Damages Against the Horseman

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.] KANSAS CITY, Nov. 5 .- Edward Moshier sporting editor of the Times, who was knocked insensible and then brutally kicked by Ed. Corrigan, the owner of running horses, at the

Corrigan, the owner of running horses, at the World's Park yesterday, has commenced suit for \$25,000 in a civil action and has filed information in a criminal action to-day.

Moshier is a bright young man formerly of New York and Buffalo papers. He is lying at the hospital with his jaw broken in two places, his skull indented, and disfigured for life. Corrigan was seen at the track this morning and said he was too hasty.

The Evening News here has started a popular subscription for Mosier.

Chas. O. Merrill Elopes With Mrs. Wilson. [SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

ATTLEBORO, Mass., Nov. 5,—Chas. O. Merrill. allas Chas. H. Stone, formerally of Suncook, N. H., lately Superintendent of Dodgeville Mills. from which position he was recently discharged for drinking, gambling and general incompe tency, made a flying visit to this town on Thursday lest, and upon his departure took with him Mrs. A. A. Wilson, wife of the bookkeeper at the Dodgeville Milis. She became booksceper as the Loogevine sama, one occame infatuated with him about one year ago, and upon his removal from here a correspondence was kep up onder the above alias, until it culminated in their elopement Thursday. Mr. Merrill has a wife and two daughters living in Lowell, the elder being about eighteen years of age.

Miss Annie Deadrick Burned to Death. JONESHORO, Tenn., Nov. 5. -Miss Annie Deadrick, great-granddaughter of James W. Dead-

rick, late Chief Justice, was burned to death yesterday afternoon. Her clothes caught fire from some burning leaves, which her father had fired, near the house. Robbed A Candidate for Sheriff.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.] BORDENTOWN, N. J., Nov. 5. -Burglars entered the house of L. Dunn, Democratic candidate for Sheriff of Burlington County, one mile from here last night and carried off a number of pieces of all-verware and money,

Prominent New Yorkers in Boston [SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD, I BOSTON, Nov. & .- J. K. Banks, editor of Lefe is registered at the Vendome.
Amos Cotting, of New York, is at the Vendome.
Emma Juch is staying at Parker's.

Peoria Hotel Damaged by Fire. PRORIA, Ill., Nov. 5, -Fire proke out this more ing is the kitchen of the National Hotel, the largest and finest building in the city. The fire resulted is a loss of \$60,000,

THE INDELIBLE PROOFS.

Fac-Similes of Fellows's Begging Letters to Tweed.

Something That Cannot Be Explained.

Availing Himself of "Tweed's Generous Offer."

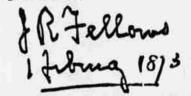
Fellows Seems to Have Forgotten or Not to Know the Statute of the State in Regard to the Punishment of Public Officers Who After They Go Out of Office, Give Ald and Encouragement to the Public Enemies or Take Fees and Emoluments from Them-Fellows's Many Diverse and Contradictory Explanations-Re Admits that He Got that 3523 from Tweed, and then Says He Berrowed It from Tweed's Sec retary, Dewey-Fellows as a Welcher.

By courtesy of the New York Times, THE EVEN-NG WORLD is able to print fac-similes of John R. Fellows's begging letters to Boss Tweed the day after the jury which tried the great plunderer of city funds had disagreed. It will be observed that the letters are written on blanks intended for the exclusive use of judges and clerks of the Supreme Court. Col. Fellows had no right to it whatever. Here is the first letter:

NEW YORK, Feb. 1, 1873. DRAB SIR: I am sorry to have to avail myself of rec'd anything from the Gentlemen referred to ind I am situated as follows: I have \$928.00 to pay to-day, and I have \$400 to do it with. As par is for rent and the rest a note in bank, I an adly fixed. If you can aid me to-day, I can return it as soon as I can see those Gentlemen, which will be early next week. Yours most truly.

J. R. FELLOWS. Lengthwise of this note, in the upper left cor ner, is written, in the handwriting of S. Foste Dewey, William M. Tweed's private secretary, "Gave Fellows ch'k for \$523. Feb'y 1 1873."

On the back of this letter, as it was filed away, was William M. Tweed's indorsement, of whi we give a fac-simile



NEW YORK, Feb. 1, 1878. MY DEAR SIR: You will pardon me if I again send a messenger, as 8 o'clock is rapidly ap-

As Mr. Devey may have ret'd you will excuse this ming persistence, I am sure,

J. R. FELLOWS. Lengthwise of the note in the upper left-hand corner is written by Poster Dewey: An'e'd with ch'k for \$523. Dewey.

TWEED'S VALIANT DEPENDER. For two years before these letters were written Col. Fellows had been a valuant champion of Tweed, defending him in public speeches and villifying all who criticised his dishonest career There was ample reason for Tweed to be "gener ous" to Col. Fellows. He had done him valuable

In one of his numerous explanations printed resterday, Col. Fellows claims that this money was a " loan," and was repaid to Tweed. No re ceipt or voucher of any kind was taken to show it. Col. Fellows avers that a week or so after the above letters were written and Tweed banued over the money he met Dewey (Tweed's private secre tary) in Delmonico's and handed him \$52s in bills.

PHILLOWS A LAW-BRHAKER. The Times to-day says that Col. Fellows does no eem to know the statute law of the State in regard to the punishment of public officers who, after they go out of office, give aid and encouragement to the public enemies or take fees and emoluments from

The following will be almost as interesting read ing to him to-day as the text of his old letters wa yesterday: Sections 291 and 292 of chapter 19, title 2, of the Revised Statutes, which are identical with section

1 of chapter 20 of the laws of 1846 say:

"No attorney, solicitor, or counsellor who shall have brought, carried on, sided, advocated or prosecuted, or shall have been in anywise connected with any cause, matter, suit, or proceeding in any court as District-Attorney or other public prosecutor, shall at any time thereafter, directly or indirectly, advise in relation to, or aid or take any part whatever in the defense thereof, or take or receive, either directly or indirectly, of or from any defendant therein or other prison any fee, gratuity, or reward, for or upon any cause, consideration, pretense, understanding or agreement whatever, either express or implied, having relation thereto or to the prosecution or defense thereof.

SEC. 292. Every attorney, solicitor or connselor who shall violate the preceding section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by fine or imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of the court; and he shall be removed from office in the several courts in which he is licensed." of chapter 20 of the laws of 1846 say:

TRYING TO "EXPLAIN" IT.

Fellows Wants to Shift the Load on Dower and Dewey is Dead. Here are a few of Col. Fellows's explanation

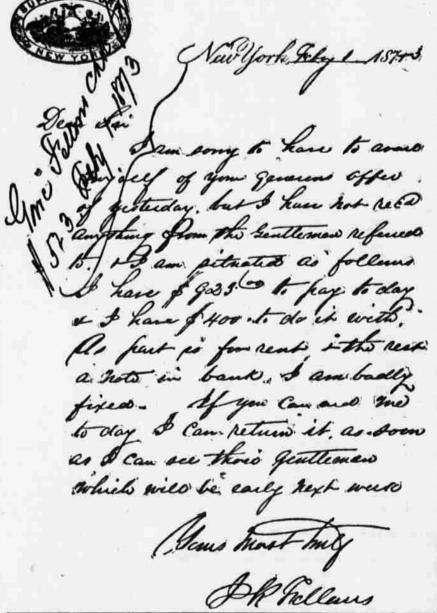
about the \$525 he got from Boss Tweed the day after Tweed's jury disagreed. They make interest

PHILOWS'S FIRST EXPLANATION. "It is true that I wrote the letters, but the de ductions drawn therefrom by the Times are entirely false. I was hard up for \$500 on Feb. 1. 1872. I applied for the money to Mr. Tweed, wh was an old friend of mine and helped me out be-

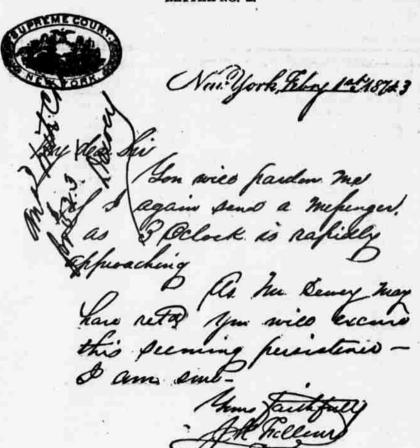
HIS EXPLANATION AFTER MOBE CONSIDERATION. "You may say that the whole matter is very simple and explainable. Referring to the charges that I borrowed \$525 from William M. Tweed, I have this to say: I did borrow that amount from the late S. Foster Dewey, Mr. Tweed's private sec retary, who was my personal friend. He got it from Mr. Tweed. It was immaterial to me from whom he got it."

HIS RECOLLECTION LATER. "With reference to the money which, it is said I borrowed from Tweed, I may say that I never borrowed the sum of \$525 or any other sum from Mr. Tweed, Mr. S. Foster Dewey, who happened JOHN R. FELLOWS'S LETTERS TO TWEED.

LETTER NO. 1.



LETTER NO. 2.



to be Mr. Tweed's secretary, was my friend. I had known him for some years. What money I received I got from Mr. Dewey. That is my recoiection of the matter at this time.

HIS AUTHORIZED EXPLANTION STILL LATER. Col. Feliows met Mr. Dewey and informed him that he had obligations amounting to \$923 to meet on the following day, a part of which was in the bank, and that he had but \$400 with which to meet it. Col. Fellows asked Mr. Dewey whether, if he failed to get the money the next day from parties to whom he had applied for it, he could assist him temporarily. He said he thought he could. In the course of two or three hours Mr. Dewey sent word to Col. Fellows that he would let him have the money the next day if it was necessary, and that if he wanted it he must send to Mr. Tweed for it. On the following day, not receiving the money from the quarters where he had applied, he wrote a notethe first note which was published this morningto Mr. Tweed. Walting until nearly a o'clock and fearing that his obligation in the bank would go to protest, he sent the second note, and 'n return received the check for \$523. Col. Fellows did not see Mr. Tweed; he never had one word of conversation with him in regard to the matter, and within one week from that time, as he had promised in his first note, he repaid the money. That is all there is to this last campaign slander.

FELLOWS AS A WELCHER.

Hard Facts About His Repudiation of a Debt of Honor.

"Yes," says Col. Fellows, "I did times indulge in poker in those days," referring to 1878, when he played "wind" against Assemblyman George A. Stauff's cash, and afterward repudiated the debt of \$516 thus incurred and pleaded the gambling laws of the State in defense of a suit for that amount, " Some of the people do not believe in gambling,

but there are many others who see nothing wrong in it. I was younger and more foolish then than I Younger and more foolish than now! Then he | 80 pages for three cents.

adds naively: "I may, perhaps, still play a little."

In 1876, when he was "younger and more foolish." Col. Fellows had reached the giddy and youthful age of forty-six years. He had had no experience except the meagre bit which a youth of his age might ordinarily gather as a lawyer practising at the Arkansas bar, as a colonel in the Confederate army and as a practising lawyer and campaign orators in this city from 1896 to 1876. This fast period is a little matter of eight years, during which, in his youthful experience, he had fallen into the fands of the Fanistines of the law to the extent of something over \$5,000, obtained in judgments against him by various dealers of this city for bills which he had falled to honor when due. He had been Assistant District-Attorney for some years, and had assumed to assist in the direction of politics in this city. He was, indeed, a precoclous youth for one so young and foolish. But his baby act defense of his baby act plea in the suit for the debt of honor which he had incurred to Assemblyman Stauff seems not to go down with the people, and the exposure of this youthful performance of Boss Fower's candidate fell like a pall on the spirits of the ringsters who have forced this unsavery bit of crow down the throats of the Tammanny Hall men and upon the people of this city. The Wost, bleft no place for doubt in the matter, it printed face similes of the note given by Col. Fellows to Mr. Stauff for \$510; and reprinted the complaint in Mr. Stauff's suit in the Supreme Court and the answer of Cot. Fellows to Mr. Stauff's suit in the Supreme Court and the answer of Cot. Fellows to Mr. Stauff's suit in the Supreme Court and the answer of Cot. Fellows the reference without legal consideration.

Of course Col. Fellows did not have a judgment.

for a debt incurred at gambling at poker, and was therefore without legal consideration.

Of course Col. Fellows did not have a judgment flied against him for this deet of sonor. He got out by acting the part of a welcher. A welcher is a man of no honor, accordin, to the gambler's lexicon.

Then THE WORLD printed a fac simils of a check given by Fellows to Stauff for \$150, to get him to be quiet about the whole matter. But Mr. Stauff found that the check was valueless, for Col. Fellows had no funds in the bank on which it was drawn.

lows had no funds in the bank on which it was drawn.

The exposure knocked the rotten bottom out of the alleged boom for the welcher, and betting men are run ing up and down in vain endeavors to hedge such bets as they had made on the success of his candidacy. But it is hard to find men foolish and youthful enough to take the odds offered by them on De Lancey Nicoli.

In short, since the exposure by The World everybody wants to bet on Nicoli.

Spicy special features in the Sunday WORLD;

LAST EDITION

PRICE ONE CENT.

IN FAVOR OF GEORGE'S MEN.

THE REFEREE AWARDS THE FIFTH INSPEC-TOR TO UNITED LABOR.

His Report Before the General Term, But Not Yet Confirmed-An Alteration in Judge Van Brunt's Order-Counsel for the Progressives to Argue on Monday for a New Reference—The Time Very Short. Referee Francis L. Stetson, to whom was

delegated by the General Term of the Supreme Court the work of hearing testimony to determine the question whether it was the United Labor, Irving Hall or the Progressive Labor party which polled more than 50,000 votes for Henry George last fall, and was thereby entitled to the additional election inspector, made his report to the

General Term to-day.

Presiding Justice Van Brunt and Judge Brady occupied the Bench.

Referee Stetson's report printed covers seventeen octavo pages. It recites the evilence taken and concludes that the United Labor party was and is organically the same as the Central Labor Union Political Conference which cast more than 50,000 votes for Henry George for Mayor last fall, and is the party which cast those votes.

Thaddeus B. Wakeman, counsel for the Progressive Labor party, said that the volume of the report would require time for examination. He wished to file objections to the report and would appeal from it. Moreover, he should ask that the matter be referred back to the referee on the ground that he had been distressed by the haste which had been insisted upon by the United Labor people and which he believed were not in accordance with the order of Justice Van Brunt.

He passed up the copy of that order which had been served on the Referce. Justice Van Brunt.

He passed up the copy of that order which had been served on the Referce. Justice Van Brunt examined it and declared that there was an alteration of the order which he had signed, and looked sharply through his glasses at Mr. Shepard, counsel for the United Labor Party.

Mr. Wakeman said that he did not understand that the order to proceed "forthwith" meant a continuance of time, and that his clients had been injured by being compelled to proceed without interruption, whereas the original order had said the trial was to go on as the referce might direct.

Judge Van Brunt said: "On further examination. I find that this last claim was stricken out."

Mr. Wakeman complained that he had been Progressive Labor party, said that the volume

amination, I find that this last claim was stricken out."

Mr. Wakeman complained that he had been obliged to close his case without the benefit of all his witnesses. In fact, he had had no fair show at all. He claimed a mistrial by the referee. He wanted till Monday to prepare an argument on the report.

Judge Van Brunt said he understood that no exception could be taken in a proceeding of this kind. An appeal only could be effectual.

of this kind. An speeal only could be effectual.

Judge Brady said that to grant Mr. Wakeman's motion would be to say that no one should have the inspectors.

Mr. Wakeman said he would make a motion on Monday that the report be referred back, and that report be not confirmed. On Monday at 12 o'clock he would submit the whole question to the Court.

"At 10.30," smiled Judge Brady.

"Your honor, 10.30 would be virtually impossible, uffless I work Sunday," said the unblushing Mr. Wakeman; but at this the men on the woolsack laughed.

Mr. Shepard opposed this plan, and complained that Mr. Wakeman was seeking to waste valuable time. If the motion were granted the Court would seem to be aiding him.

Judge Van Brunt said that if any one was The argument was set down for 11 clock.

The argument was set down for 11 o'clock on Monday.

THE PORTSMOUTH RETURNS DAMAGED.

Supposed to Have Been in Califolm or in Very Heavy Weather.

The United States man-of-war Portan which sailed hence a few days ago, was sighted from Sandy Hook returning this morning. She was in tow of the tag White Water. Her main and mizzen topmasts and one of

Her main and mizzen topmasts and one or her stern boats had been carried away. She is supposed to have been in collision or else to have experienced some very severe weather. She will come up to the city some time this afternoon. Work at the Headquarters. The headquarters of the Democratic State Com-mittee at the Hoffman House will be closed tomittee at the Hoffman House will be closed tonight, when the members of the committee will
return to their homes. The ruom of the
cierks, No. 13, will be kept open, however,
until all the returns are in. The County candidates
headquarters, 6 West Twenty-sixth airect,
will be kept open until after elections, as
will be the Republican headquarters, 8tate
and County, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.
While matters are quieting down at these places
the Nicoli rendezvous is still lively. It will be kept
open, All parties are doing but little to-day except to moke arrangements for to-night's mestings.

Dr. Foote Opposed to Mr. Ham William A. Purrington, counsel for the County Medical Society, has issued a circular saying that Dr. Foote is trying to defeat Robert Ray Hamilton for re-election to the Assembly from the Eleventh District because Mr. Hamilton introduced the bill which, as enacted, constitutes the present medical law of the State. There is also opposition to Mr. Hamilton from saloon-keepers. Mr. Purington urges that both sources of opposition are reasons why Mr. Hamilton should be re-elected.

Long Pursuit of Stolen Jewelry. Max Loewenthal was held at the Essex Market Police Court to-day on a charge of having stolen four gold watches, one silver watch, a pair of braceleta, four chains turce medals and \$10 from Magdalena Weiblinger, who keeps a boarding-hous at 130 Ceristic street. The robotery was committed last June, and Mra. Weiblinger has been in pursuit of Lewenthal ever

Prob is Good to New Yorkers, Weather Indications: Por Connecticut, fair weather; iight to Irrah northwesterity winds, shifting to southwesterity, slighting colder to-morrow morning, followed by rising temperature.

For Bastern Ress Yorks

For Bastern New York; slightly toarmer, fair weather; light to fresh week